# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept. 2020 Analog Electronics

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

# Module-1

- a. Derive an expression for A<sub>v</sub>, Z<sub>i</sub> and Z<sub>0</sub> for CE fixed bias using hybrid equivalent model. (08 Marks)
  - b. With a neat circuit explain hybrid  $-\pi$  model for a transistor in CE configuration. (08 Marks)

#### OR

- 2 a. Derive an expression for  $Z_i$ ,  $Z_0$  and  $A_v$  for emitter Follower configuration using  $r_e$  model. (08 Marks)
  - b. For the network shown in Fig Q2(b). Determine:

ii) Zi

iii) 
$$Z_0 (r_0 = \alpha \Omega)$$

iv) 
$$A_V(r_0 = \alpha \Omega)$$

v) 
$$A_i$$
 ( $r_0 = \alpha \Omega$ ).

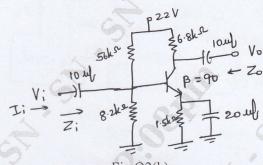


Fig Q2(b)

(08 Marks)

## Module-2

- 3 a. Derive an expression for  $Z_i$ ,  $Z_0$  and  $\overline{A_v}$  of FET self bias configuration with bypassed  $R_s$ .

  (08 Marks)
  - b. Explain the construction and working principle of n-channel depletion type MOSFET and draw the characteristic curves. (08 Marks)

### OR

- 4 a. The fixed bias configuration of Fig Q4(a) has an operating point defined by  $V_{GSQ} = -2V$  and  $I_{DQ} = 5.625 \text{mA}$  with  $I_{DSS} = 10 \text{mA}$  and  $V_P = -8V$ . Determine :
  - i) g<sub>m</sub>
- ii) r<sub>d</sub>
- iii) Z<sub>i</sub>
- iv)  $Z_0$
- v) Av.

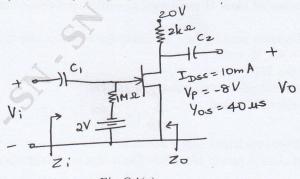


Fig Q4(a)

(08 Marks)

b. Draw the JFET common drain configuration circuit. Derive Z<sub>i</sub>, Z<sub>0</sub> and A<sub>v</sub> using small signal model. (08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. The i/p power to a device is 10,000w at a voltage of 1000V. The output power is 500W and the output impedance is  $20\Omega$ .
  - i) Find power gain in db
  - ii) Find voltage gain in db

iii) Find input impedance.

(06 Marks)

b. Describe Miller's effect and derive an equation for Miller input and output capacitance.

(10 Marks)

OR

6 a. Explain high frequency response of FET amplifier.

(06 Marks)

b. Determine  $A_v$ ,  $Z_i$ ,  $A_{vs}$ ,  $F_{LS}$  for the low frequency response of the BJT amplifier circuit shown in Fig Q6(b). Assume  $r_0 = \alpha$ .

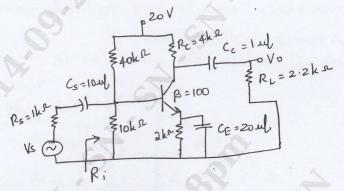


Fig Q6(b)

(10 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Explain with neat circuit diagram the operation of transistor Colpitt's oscillator. (08 Marks)

b. What are the effects of negative feedback in an amplifier? Show how bandwidth of an amplifier increases with negative Feedback. (08 Marks)

OR

8 a. Mention the types of Feedback connections. Draw their block diagrams indicating i/p and o/p signal. (08 Marks)

b. With a neat circuit and waveforms, explain the working operation of UJT relaxation oscillator. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the operation of class B push pull amplifier and show that maximum conversion n is 78.5% (10 Marks)
  - b. The Following distortion readings are available for a power amplifier  $D_2 = 0.1$ ,  $D_3 = 0.02$ ,  $D_4 = 0.01$  with  $I_1 = 4A$ ,  $R_c = 8\Omega$ .
    - i) Calculate the THD
    - ii) Determine the fundamental power component
    - iii) Calculate the total power.

(06 Marks)

OR

10 a. Explain series voltage regulator using transistor. (08 Marks)

Explain series Fed class A power amplifier. Show that its maximum conversion η is 25%.
 (08 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*